Tacoma, June 5, 1963

Mr. Don Carlson, Fullerton Avenue, Chicago

Dear Don:

I am attaching copy of the cost study for which you provided some figures. After you have had a chance to study, unless you wish to retain it for reasons of your own, I would suggest that you turn it over to Mr. Kellow. This would indicate to him just what sort of costs and statistics should be maintained to permit setting up a study like this in a short time.

In this day and age, with the advantages of IBM equipment and other modern methods for tabulating, it should not be necessary to go thru the turmoil we did in drawing off this data from the train sheets and trying to balance our data.

Best of luck and thanks again for your help.

Sincerely,

Morgan.

hrm-k Encl.

Tacous, Washington June 14, 1963

Mr. M.T. Sevedge, Mr. N.H. McKegney,

Herewith correction sheets and a supplement to be inserted in Cost Study of May 31, 1963, forwarded to you on that date.

H.A. Morgan

00:

Mr. G.J. Johnston Mr. H.W. Reinold Mr. Don Carlson

THE MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

12.00

225

A STUDY OF VARIOUS METHODS OF OPERATION ON ELECTRIFIED SECTIONS ROCKY MTN. & COAST DIVISIONS

May 31, 1963

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington May 31, 1963

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ERATTA

- Page 8 Depreciation last paragraph Should read- A <u>GP9 locomotive</u> cost of \$168,650 per advice, etc. The words "GP9 locomotive" were omitted.
- Page 12 top of page, second sentence reads February to October. This should read October '62 to February '63. End of sentence should read- by the train sheets in other cases.
- Page 34 last paragraph, fourth line up. Draw a line thru "per mile horsepower hour." This is redundant.
- Page 39 Under Depreciation and Total Columns, fourth item down should be 3430 and 6945 respectively. Totals are correct.

H.R.M.

1

ROCKY MOUNTAIN AND COAST DIVISIONS

A STUDY OF OPERATION WITH VARIOUS TYPES OF MOTIVE POWER

This study presents actual operating costs and statistics for certain key months on the Coast and Rocky Mountain Divisions.

These statistics were then used in developing operation and costs with various types and combinations of motive power.

Including the operation of the key months, May and September 1962 on the Coast Division, and August 1962 on the Rocky Mountain Division, ten schemes of motive power assignment are presented.

A comparative cost sheet for each division shows in total cost and cost per MGTM the relative merits of the various schemes.

A legend explains the source and methods of developing pertinent statistics and costs. Certain items such as fuel and power, and locomotive repairs, are covered in more detail.

One of the interesting comparisons is that between helper and non-helper operation on the Coast Division.

All supporting material for the study, except train sheets and time slips, is available in this department. Questions about any item can be answered by referring to this detail.

I would like to express my thanks to the Operating and Mechanical Departments of the electrified divisions, and to the Bureau of Statistics, Finance and Accounting at Chicago, who furnished certain statistics and costs.

H.R. Micrigan

H.R. MORGAN Electrical Engineer

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington May 31, 1963

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ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION- COMPARATIVE MONTHLY OPERATING COSTS

SCHEME	l (Actual)	2	3	4 *	
Locomotive Assignment					
Time Freight	$EF-4 \neq GP-9$	GP-9	GP-9	$EF-4 \neq GP-9$	* In Scheme 4, two EF-7 units,
Other Freight	EF-4 EF-5,3,2,			EF-4 EF-7 **	8100 HP replace an EF-5, 6680 HP and an EF-3 or 2 of
Helper	EF-5	EF-5	GP-9	EF-7 **	5010 HP. There is therefore
Gross Ton Miles-1000	241.450	241.450	241.450	241.450	a possibility of handling mo
EXPENSE - OPERATING					tonnage per train and of reducing the number of train
Trainmen Road	\$41,039	\$41,039	\$41,039	\$41,039	with this locomotive.
Enginemen Road	32,488	33,490	33,490	32,471	Speed would be same as EF-41
Helper	6,677	6,677	6,726	6,530	
Fuel & Power	51,907	56,818	60,013	50,782	
Loco. Repairs	57,788	62,007	61,533	48,288	** This is the new electric
Lubricants	1,605	8,614	9,646	1,823	locomotive proposed by
Other Supplies	978	1,864	1,992	602	General Electric Co.
Enginehouse Expens		4,181	4,181	4,326	Oct. 31, 1960.
Substation-Operati	on 15,854	8,200		15,854	
Maint.	8,435	4,050		8,435	1
Line Maintenance	12.550	6.650	4.000	12.550	
TOTAL COST	234,165	233,590	222,620	222,700	*** If Traction Power Contract
COST / MGTM	\$.9698	\$.9674	\$.9220	\$.9223	is cancelled miscellaneous
OTHER EXPENSE					power along R/W will be
Depreciation	7,680	15,050	21,690	19,375	billed at commercial rates
Interest	3,515	15,249	22,237	19,580	resulting in an increase in
Increased Cost Mscl.Power ***			2.852		cost of \$34,218 annually or \$2852 per month.
TOTAL COST	\$245,360	\$264,069	269,399	\$261,655	
COST/MOTM	\$ 1.016	\$ 1.09367	\$ 1.11575		

Based on Business of August 1962

Electrification Dept., Tacoma, Wash May 31, 1963 - Rev.6-14-63

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COAST DIVISION - COMPARATIVE MONTHLY OPERATING COSTS

Based on Business of May and of Sept. 1962

SCHEME	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
ITEM	May 162	Sept. 162	May 162	Sept. 162	Sept. 162	Sept. 162	Sept. 162
	(Actual)	(Actual)					
Locomotive Assignment							0 000 / 000
Time Freight	EF5/GP9	EF5/GP9	3-EF7* / 1 GP9			4-GP9	$2-EF4 \neq GP9$
Other Freight	EF5	EF5	2-EF7*	2 EF-7*	2 EF7*	4 GP9	2-EF4
11-2	Norma	PREDO	Mana	0 000 000	EF5	4 GP9	2-EF4
Helper	None	EF-5,3,2	None	2 EF-7*	EF5	4 GP9 3 GP9	2-014 .
Gross Ton Miles-1000	69.961	77.568	69,961	77,568	77,568	77.568	77,568.
Expense - Operating							5
Trainmen- Road	\$22,137	\$23,899	\$22,137	\$23,899	\$23,899	\$23,899	\$23,899
Helper		1,431		1,431	1,431	1,431	1,431
Enginemen- Road	13,635	13,420	12,854	12,776	12,827	12,329	12,800
Helper		4,617		4,558	4,617	4,630	4,580
Fuel & Power	18,845	18,323	15,962	17,154	17,387	21,776	17,154
Locomotive Repairs	24,087	20,540	11,792	10,729	13,528	22,328	15,256
Lubricants	2,274	1,183	638	601	673	2,370	700
Other Supplies .	286	387	140	131	149	476	210
Enginehouse Expense	3,196	2,207	1,523	1,180	1,319	1,730	1,180
Substation-Operatio	on 10,069	9,744	10,069	9,744	9,744		9,744
Maint.	1,895	1,834	1,895	1,834	1,834	200	1,834
Line Maintenance	7.966	7.709	7.966	7.709	7.709	2,000	7,709
Total Cost	\$104,390	\$105,294	\$84,976	\$91,746	\$ 95,117	\$93,169	\$96,497
Cost/MGTM	\$ 1,492	\$ 1.357	\$ 1.2146	\$ 1.183	\$ 1.226	\$ 1.201	\$ 1.244
Other Expense							
Depreciation	\$ 6,737	\$ 3,307	\$15,688		\$ 11,010	\$ 19,310	\$ 4,863
Interest	6,327	2,812	19,580	22,793	13,154	19,795	1,406
Miscellaneous Power						1,267	-
Total Cost	\$117,454	\$111,413	\$120,244	\$132,566	\$119,281	\$133,541	\$1.02,766
Cost/MGTM	\$ 1.679	\$ 1.436	\$ 1.7187	\$ 1.709	\$ 1:538	1 1,722	\$ 1.325

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington May 31, 1963 * Rev.6-14-63

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* EF-7 is locomotive proposed by G.E.Co. 10/31/60

4

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION- OPERATING STATISTICS USING VARIOUS TYPES OF MOTIVE POWER

Based on Business of August 1962

SCHEME	l (Actual)	2	3	4 *	
Locomotive Assignment Time Freight Other Freight Helper	EF4 / GP9 EF4's EF 5,3,2 EF 5	GP 9 GP 9 EF 5	GP 9 GP 9 GP 9	EF4 / GP9 EF 4 EF 7** EF 7**	 * In Scheme 4, two EF-7 Units, 8100 HP replace an EF-5, 6680 HP and an EF-3 or 2 of 5010 HP. There is
AGTM Time Freight Other Freight Total Loco MGTM Trailing & Loco Frain Miles Time Other Total	133,503 107,947 241,450 <u>38,430</u> 279,880 26,947 23,709 50,656	133,503 107,947 241,450 37,585 279,035 26,947 23,709 50,656	133,503 107,947 241,450 36,974 278,424 26,947 23,709 50,656	$ \begin{array}{r} 133,503\\ \underline{107,947}\\ 241,450\\ \underline{32,162}\\ 273,612\\ 26,947\\ \underline{23,709}\\ 50,656\\ \end{array} $	<pre>therefore a possibility of handling more tonnage per train and of reducing the number of trains with this locomotive. Speed would be same as EF-4's ** This is the new electric locomotive proposed by General Electric Co. October 31, 1960</pre>
Locomotive Miles Train Road Switching Lite Helper Total	50,656 762 48 <u>9,542</u> 61,008	50,656 762 48 <u>9,542</u> 61,008	50,656 762 48 <u>9,542</u> 61,008	50,656 762 48 <u>9,542</u> 61,008	
Locomotive Unit Miles EF 4 EF 5 EF 3,2 EF 1 EF 7* GP 9 Total	78,711 49,688 24,615 170 <u></u> <u>39,708</u> 192,892	38,168 	 298,178 298,178	78,711 22,084 <u>39,708</u> 140,503	Electrification Dept., Tacoma, Wash 5/31/63

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COAST DIVISION - OPERATING STATISTICS USING VARIOUS TYPES OF MOTIVE POWER

Based on Business of May and of September 1962	Based	on	Business	of	May	and	of	September	1962
--	-------	----	----------	----	-----	-----	----	-----------	------

SCHEME	5 142	6	7 May 162	8 Sept. '62	9 Sent 162	10 Sept. '62	
ITEM	May 162	Sept. 162 (Actual)	May 'ok	Sept. 02	Sept. 162	Dept. Oz	
Locomotive Assignment	(Actual)	(Actual)		18			
Time Freight	EF5 / GP9	EF54 GP9	3-EF7 / GP9	2 EF74 GP9	2 EF7 / GP 9	4-GP9	Note: EF-7
Other Freight	EF5	EF5	2-EF7	2 EF7	EF-7	4-GP9	is new
Other Preight	11.7		~	~ ~	EF-5		electric
Helper	None	EF-5,3,2	None	EF-7	EF5	4-GP9	locomotive
mappin	lione	,,,,-				3-GP9	proposed by
Moth							Gen.Elec.Co
Time Freight	54,447	59,600	54,447	59,600	59,600	59,600	Oct. 31,196
Other Freight	15.514	17,968	15,514	17,968	17.968	17.968	
Total	69,961	77,568	69,961	77,568	77,568	77,568	
Loco. MGTM	18.480	15.831	11,965	10,777	12,252	11.676	
Trailing & Loco	88,441	93,399	81,926	88,345	89,820	89,244	
TRAIN MILES							
Time	13,384	12,963	13,384	12,963	12,963	12,963	100
Other	4.024	4.483	4.024	4.483	4.483	4.483	
Total	17,408	17,446	17,408	17,446	17,446	17,446	
LOCOMOTIVE MILES							
Train	17,408	17,446	17,408	17,446	17,446	17,446	
Road Switching	1,992	2,334	1,992	2,334	2,334	2,334	
Lite	80	304	80	304	304	304	
Helper		3.765		3.765	3.765	3.765	
Total	19,480	23,849	19,480	23,849	23,849	23,849	
LOCOMOTIVE UNIT MILES							
EF-4							
EF-5	77,432	90,286			29,704		
EF-3,2		3,696					
EF-1							
EF-7			53,834	47,698	32,846		
GP-9	59.180	19.993	14.874	14.593	14.593	94.164	_
Total	136,612	113.956	68,708	62,291	77.143	94.164	_

Elec. Dept., Tacoma 5/31/63

Cascade Rail Foundation - www.milwelectric.org

CONCLUSION

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

Inspection of comparative cost operating expense only indicates that full diesel operation and electric operation with F-4 and new electric (EF-7) locomotives are about the same, the first being \$.9220/MGTM and the second being \$.9223/MGTM. The figures could be thrown either way. However, when depreciation, interest and the increased cost of miscellaneous power are introduced, the electric operation comes up with a cost of \$1.084/MGTM whereas the diesel operation costs \$1.1158/MGTM. The latter costs are very real so that in the final analysis, the electric operation is the most economical.

COAST DIVISION

Inspection of comparative operating expense of the various schemes shows operation with new electric locomotives, Scheme 8, to be the most economical. When investment expense and miscellaneous power are introduced, operation with EF-4 locomotives, Scheme 11, is most economical, followed by operation with present power, Scheme 6, and then by operation with new electric road locomotives, EF-5 helper locomotives as developed in Scheme 9.

Scheme 9 appears to offer considerable returns in that it provides high speed operation for time freights with minimum investment at this time. The old EF-5 locomotives would continue in helper service and in emergency, work, and dead freight service, until some time in the future when economics would justify their replacement.

The study also indicates that helper operation with the present locomotive assignment is more economical than non helper operation. In this connection there are other expenses, agents, away from home detention, etc., that have not been included in the study.

GENERAL

Generally, the study indicates that operating costs with modern power, electric or diesel, will run very close. When investment expense is introduced, the cost of electrical operation appears to be the lowest.

The increased efficiency of electric operation is offset to some extent by the costs of substations and lines, but these are almost constant, so that with increased traffic the odds swing more heavily in favor of electric operation.

H.R. Morgan

Tacoma, Washington June 14, 1963

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COMMENT

BOOSTER OPERATION

Booster operation was initially developed to enable us to handle a prescribed tonnage up Sixteen Mile Canyon without using a helper. It was so successful that its use was extended over the full division on the Rocky Mountain. Later on, on the Coast Division it was developed to permit transfer of diesel units from Othello to Tacoma, for maintenance. It is now an accepted operation and any new electric locomotives should come equipped for this type of operation.

NEW ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVES

In 1960 the General Electric Company proposed a new locomotive having the same speed characteristics as the Joe Locomotive. This locomotive is similar to a diesel SD in that it has 6 traction motors and a diesel type cab. It looked like a diesel locomotive except for the pantograph mounted on the roof. Locomotives of this type, but with only 4 traction motors, have been in service on the BA&P Ry. for several years. These have been so successful and the maintenance cost so low, that this type is recommended to the Milwaukee.

In this study we called the new locomotive the EF-7 but in case of a future acquisition of electric power the whole subject should be reviewed. Any locomotives purchased should have control to handle diesel booster units.

DEPRECIATION

Our department of finance and accounting uses a life of 20 years for diesel and 25 years for electric locomotives and figures on these bases were used in the study. Life closer to actuality would be 15 years for dieseland 35 years for electric locomotives.

A cost of \$168,650 per advice of our Accounting Department is used in the study. Today these locomotives would cost around \$200,000 each.

POWER CONTRACT

Our Traction Power Contract permits the railroad to convert to another type of operation provided the new operation is patently superior to electric operation. On basis of operating experience and in view of the comparative costs as developed in this study it is doubtful that the railroad could legally support a change from electric to diesel on the basis of improvement.

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COMMENT, CONTINUED

SIGNAL SYSTEM

In the case of dieselization, it would be necessary either to continue maintenance of the trolley poles account of the 4400-volt signal feeder system, or transfer this line to the present low voltage signal and communication pole line. This latter move would involve practically reconstruction of that line at a cost roughly estimated at a million and one-half dollars.

SUBSTATION AND LINE COSTS

It should be pointed out that all expenses are proportional to either gross ton miles or locomotive miles except substation and line expense. These are almost independent of business, operators' expense only rising a slight amount with excess overtime due to heavy business. The net result is that electrical operating cost per MGTM decreases with increased business. For instance in 1959, we handled 2,869,712 MGTM at a power cost of \$.4322/MGTM. In 1962 we handled 1,822,997 MGTM and the power cost increased to \$.5940/MGTM.

GENERAL

A comparison of the costs of different schemes of operation is essential to any investigation of motive power. But the most important factor is still - <u>performance</u>! The electric locomotive is ideal for mountain work. It does not back away from an overload. On the other hand, the diesel locomotive, for its own protection is designed to back away. That doesn't help operations when unexpected loads develop. And on river grades, the modern electric locomotive will compare favorably with any diesel locomotive. Line losses do exist, but taking all these, and also substation motor-generator set losses, into account we come up with an overall electrification system efficiency of about 70%. Against this, the diesel locomotive shows an efficiency of 27 to 30%.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN AND COAST DIVISIONS

A STUDY OF OPERATION WITH VARIOUS TYPES OF MOTIVE POWER

LECEND

GENERAL

In this study selected months on the Coast and Rocky Mountain Divisions were analyzed and basic data and costs developed for these particular months.

Using this data various combinations of locomotive power were assigned and cost developed for each scheme of operation. The various schemes are as follows:

On the Rocky Mountain Division four schemes are presented, as follows:

Scheme "1"- Present Day Operation for August 1962.

- Scheme "2"- Operation Wherein Diesel Locomotives Are Used as Road Locomotives and Electric Locomotives Used as Helpers.
- Scheme "3"- A Full Diesel Operation, in which case the electrification is retired.
- Scheme "4"- An Operation Similar to the Present Operation, except that the old EF-5, 3 and 2 type locomotives are replaced with a new electric locomotive, designated as the EF-7.

On the Coast Division six schemes are presented as follows:

- Scheme "5"- Actual Operation for the month of May 1962, when no helpers were used.
- Scheme "6"- Actual Operation for the month of September 1962, when helpers were in use.
- Scheme "7"- Operation with Business of May 1962, using modern electric locomotives and no helpers.
- Scheme "8"- Operation with Business of September 1962, using modern electric locomotives with a helper.
- Scheme "9"- Operation with Business of September 1962, using modern electric locomotives on the time freights, modern electric locomotive when available and an EF-5 at other times on other freight, and using an EF-5 in helper service.
- Scheme "10"- Operation with Business of September 1962, using all GP-9 diesel locomotives.
- Scheme "11"- Operation with Business of Sept. 1962, using EF-4 locomotives with GP-9 unit on time freights only.

Revised June 14,1963

LEGEND, CONTINUED

STATISTICS:

Statistics were developed from the train sheets, Form 110 and freight train delay reports for the basic months. It was assumed that the same number of trains would operate as in the operation of the basic month, tho it is realized that in some cases the train would be over-powered. This would provide for future growth and of course result in a faster operation over the division.

EXPENSES:

Train & Enginemen

Train and enginemen's wages were developed from the time slips for the basic months studied in Schemes 1, 5 and 6. Except for use of a pilot on the Coast Division, trainmen's wages remain constant for any one month involved in a new scheme of operation. Enginemen's wages will vary with the weight on drivers and therefore with the type of locomotive assigned to the service. In developing these wages, miles paid were accumulated in each case so that these permitted applying a different rate when developing expense for operation with a new combination of locomotive power.

Fuel & Power

Method of handling fuel and power is described on page 34 following.

Locomotive Repairs

Our method of developing locomotive repairs is covered on page 36.

Lubricants

The total cost of lubricants for electric operation and for diesel operation on each division was supplied by the Department of Finance and Accounting at Chicago. The Chief Statistician supplied total diesel locomotive unit miles for each division. Electric locomotive unit miles and diesel locomotive unit miles in booster service were developed in our basis statistics. From this data a cost per unit mile was developed for electric and for diesel locomotives separately, and this unit cost used in determining the lubricant cost for each scheme of operation.

Other Supplies

These were developed in the same way as lubricants.

Enginehouse Expense

In examining enginehouse expense, we found that there was a considerable increase in cost after IBM accounting started. There also 11

LEGEND, CONTINUED

was considerable variation in the method used in counting engine units turned. To establish correct unit cost, data from the IBM reports for the months of February to October, inclusive, were used, and the engine units turned developed from "Statement of Engines Turned," Form 1754, where correctly reported, and by actual count as disclosed by the train sheets. In the case of terminals where switch engines were involved, switch engines turned were counted as one-third turn each. At Harlowton, passenger engines were counted as one-half turn each. This gave us a cost of units turned which appeared to be reasonable for present operation. When developing full diesel operation, as shown in Scheme 2, a cost of \$3.50 per unit turned was used at Harlowton and at Deer Lodge. (Present operation shows \$7.94 and \$6.79 respectively). No changes were made in the cost at Avery, Othello and Tacoma.

Substation Operation and Maintenance

These reflect actual operating costs for the months studied, and in schemes where full electric operation is used. In Scheme 2 where diesel engines handle road service and electric engines handle helper service only, the cost of five stations only are shown. There is some question about the expense of signal apparatus maintenance under full diesel operation; no expense is shown.

Line Maintenance

Actual operating expense is shown for all schemes, except Schemes 2 and 3.

In the case of Scheme 2, a cost estimated to cover maintenance of trolley only in the operating sections, and signal and 100,000-V lines over the full division is shown.

In the case of Scheme 3, an estimated cost covering maintenance of signal system and transmission line only is given.

Depreciation and Interest- Taxes

Under this item we show actual costs furnished by the Finance and Accounting Department at Chicago, as reflected by their records.

Charges for the EF-4 locomotives, substation automation, aluminum trolley feeder, and diesel locomotives added to the present fleet (this excludes units presently in service Avery to Othello- does not exclude units in booster service) are entered on the cost sheet. Likewise depreciation and interest for new electric locomotives are included.

AG-668

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LEGEND, CONTINUED

Taxes amounted to \$76.23 per year covering the substation buildings and machinery in Montana, and was not shown. It was found that taxes on similar equipment in Washington and Idaho, and on locomotives in all three states was based on the amount of business and had no relationship to the type of motive power used.

Miscellaneous Power

Under our traction contract electric power for our shops, stations, signals, and other railroad uses is charged to us at our traction power rate, \$.00536 per KWH on the Rocky Mountain Division, and about \$.0055 per KWH on the Coast Division. In case of cancellation of our traction contract this power would be billed at the prevailing commercial rate.

In 1959 this matter was investigated, and an estimate made of the increase in cost when billed at commercial rates. This estimated increase in cost is shown on the Comparative Cost Sheets-- supporting data is attached, pages 41-46.

LOCOMOTIVE ASSIGNMENT

Pages 30 and 31 show predicted requirements under the various schemes studied. Where some diesel units are already available (as on the section between Avery and Othello, and in booster service), the additional units required are indicated.

LOCOMOTIVE DATA

Page 32 shows weight, horsepower, tractive effort, speed, etc. for the locomotives considered in this study.

Page 33 shows data for various combinations of units, including repair costs and enginemen's pay scale.

AG-668

1

TRAIN AND ENGINEMENS WAGES - AUGUST 1962

ROCKY MOUNTAIN - MAIN LINE

Eastbound

	Aver	y- Alb	erton		Alberton- Deer Lodge				Deer Lodge-Three Forks				Three Forks-Harlowton			
Time Frts	No Trains		Avg.Per Cost	Train Paid Miles	No. Trains		Avg.Per Cost	Train Paid Miles	No. Trains		Avg.Per Cost	Train Paid Miles		Total	Avg.Per Cost	r Train
Trainmen Enginemen	31 31	2809 2212	90 71	151 149	31 31	2502 2020	81 65	134 136	30 30	2716 2199	91 73	152 151	31 31	2767 2211	89 71	149 147
Xtra Frts Trainmen Enginemen	24 24	1987 1513	83 63	141 140	24 24	1974 1467	82 64	139 142	29 29	2938 1988	101 69	168 148	30 30	2 909 2148	97 72	162 154

Westbound

Mina Pate	Alberton - Avery		Deer Lodge- Alberton				Three Forks- Deer Lodge				Harlowton-Three Forks					
Time Frts Trainmen Enginemen	31 31	2352 1968	76 63	130 133	30 30	2401 2191	80 73	134 153	31 31	2651 2175	8 5 70	146 146	31 31	2678 2244	86 72	148 148
Extra Frts Trainmen Enginemen	25 25	2031 1551	81 62	135 138	26 26	2281 1938	88 75	144 165	27 27	2669 2107	99 78	164 170	29 29	2784 2180	96 75	159

Avery Helper Wages = \$3398 For 32 Time Slips = \$ 106 per crew day

Butte Helper Wages = \$3279 For 34 Time Slips = \$ 96 per crew day

Electi	ification Dept.,
Tacoma	, Washington
May 31	, 1963

	Time Frts.	Extras	Both	Helpers	Total
Enginemen Trainmen	17220 20876	14892 19573	32112 40449	6677	38789 40449
Total	38096	34465	72561	6677	79238

TRAIN & ENGINEMEN WAGES MAY 1962

Coast Divn. Main Line

	East	bound			V	lestbound		
	Tacoma	Cle Elum Othello	Total		Othello Cle Elum	Cle Elu Tacoma	n Total	
	<u>Cle Elum</u>	Officito	TOPAT		ATC BIOM	Tacoma	IUCAL	
<u>Time Freights</u> 264 Trainmen Enginemen Total	\$4732.16 2624.20 7356.36	4002.41 2643.64 6646.05 1	8734.57 <u>5267.84</u> 4,002.41	263	4042.96 <u>2803.93</u> 6846.89	4353.30 2379.59 6732.89	8396.26 <u>5183.52</u> 13,579.78	\$17,130.83 10,451.36
<u>Other Freights</u> Extra Trainmen Enginemen Total	1559.18 991.22 2550.40	1087.59 <u>696.94</u> 1784.53	2646.77 <u>1688.16</u> 4334.93	Ex.W.	1062.66 <u>718.49</u> 1781.15	1296.75 776.71 2073.46	2359.41 <u>1495.20</u> 3854.61	\$ 5,006.18 3.183.36
264 & Extras Divn. Total	9906.76	8430.58 <u>1</u>	.8,337.34	263 & Itras	8628.04	8806.35	17,434.99	<u>\$35.771.73</u>
Wage Sheet T	otal							\$37,029.05

	SUMM	ARY	
	Time Freights	Other Frts.	Both
Enginemen	\$10,452	\$3,183	\$13,635
Trainmen	17,131	5,006	22.137
Total	\$27.583	\$8,189	\$35.772

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington May 31, 1963

Mining M

TRAIN & ENGINEMEN WAGES - SEPTEMBER 1962

(From Time Slips)

COAST MAIN LINE (Helper Excluded)

				Eastbound					We	stbound			
		Tace	oma-Cle		Cle	Cle Elum- Othello		Othello-Cle Elum		le Elum	Cle Elum-Tacoma		coma
		No. Trains	Total Pay \$	Per Train Cost \$		Total Pay \$	Per Train Cost \$	No. Trains		Per Train Cost \$	No Trains		Per Train Cost \$
	Trainmen Avg. SM-OM-CM	30	4622	154 129-31-29	30	3775	126 112-0 -46	30	4489	150 112-26-39	30	4824	161 129-12-40
Time Frts.	Enginemen Avg. SM-OM-CM	30	2504	83 128-30- 5	30	2310	77 112-1- 37	30	2545	85 112-25-42	30	2386	80 129-16-16
Part and a	Trainmen Avg.SM-OM-GM	9	1550	172 126-33-72	9	1078	120 112-13-25	13	1979	152 112-78-13	10	1582	158 129-37-32
Extras	Enginemen Avg.SM-OM-CM	9	925	103 127-36-55	9	660	73 112-19-17	13	1239	95 112-39-21	10	851	85 129-38-13

Electrification Dept., Tacoma, Washington May 20, 1963

		Summa	ary		
	Time Frts	Extras	Both	Helpers	Total
Enginemen Trainmen	9,745	3,675 6,188	13,420 23,898	4,617	18,037
Total	27,455	9,863	37,318	6,048	43,366

COAST DIVISION

HELPER SERVICE - SEPTEMBER 1962

		Beverly	Cedar Falls	Total	1.16,19
ENGINEERS					
Straight Mil		5,108	3,586	8,694	
Overtime Mil		911	253	1,164 202	
Constr. Mil Total Miles		$\frac{16}{6,035}$	$\frac{186}{4,025}$	10,060	
Totar mittoo		0,000			
Wages		\$ 1,523.71	\$ 928.93	\$2.452.64	
FIREMEN			9293		
Straight Mil	les	5,108	3,586	8,694	
Overtime Mi		911	253	1,164	
Constr. Mi.		16 6,035	186	202	
Total Miles		6,035	4,025	10,060	
Wages		\$1.298.13	\$ 865.78	\$2,163.91	
CONDUCTORS					
Straight Mi	les	3,536	3,000	6,536	
overtime Mi	les	300	144	444. 84	
	les	84	0	84	
Total Mi	les	3,920	3,144	7,064	
Wages		\$ 753.04	\$ 678.03	\$1.431.07	
TOTALS:					
	les	15,990	11,194	27,184	
Wa	ges	\$ 3.574.88	2.472.74	\$6,047.62	

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington May 20, 1963

EASTWARD

A VERY -ALBERTON		ALBARTON_D	LBARTON-DEER LODGE DE		DEER LODGE_THREE FORKS		LARLOWTON
Time Frts.	Extras	Time Frts.	Extras	Time Frts.	Extras	Time Frbs.	Extras
31 189,736 18,987,760	24 114,384 11,436,870	31 190,546 22,956,360	24 114,440 12,732,110	30 185,510 20,743,850	140,295		30 136,520 16,211,630
6,121 6,785 3,736 92-14	4,766 6,229 2,285 77-19	6,147 7,225 3,736 89-13	4,768 6,229 2,285 77-19	6,184 6,590 4,635 95-10	6,500 3,500	6,765 5,760	4,551 5,885 1,910 68-24
					Total MGTM	EAST = 141,	,062
		WESTW	ARD				
31 111,635 11,162,300	25 107,811 10,748,870	30 109,380 12,089,810	26 123,004 13,104,080	31 111,850 12,583,120			29 126,145 14,416,820
3,592 4,035 3,020 54-27	4,312 6,445 2,800 21-99	3,646 4,570 3,020 54–29	4,731 6,760 3,235 24-106	3,608 3,800 3,250 52-32	5,758 2,870	3,800 2,400	4,350 4,500 3,100 24-92
	Time Frts. 31 189,736 18,987,760 6,121 6,785 3,736 92-14 31 111,635 11,162,300 3,592 4,035 3,020	Time Frts. Extras 31 24 189,736 114,384 18,987,760 11,436,870 6,121 4,766 6,785 6,229 3,736 2,285 92-14 77-19 31 25 111,635 107,811 11,162,300 10,748,870 3,592 4,312 4,035 6,445 3,020 2,800	Time Frts. Extras Time Frts. 31 24 31 32 31 31 32 37 66 6,147 6,785 6,229 7,225 3,736 2,285 3,736 92-13 92-14 77-19 89-13 92-13 92-14 77-19 89-13 92-30 92.55 30	Time Frts. Extras Time Frts. Extras 31 24 31 24 189,736 114,384 190,546 114,440 18,987,760 11,436,870 22,956,360 12,732,110 6,121 4,766 6,147 4,768 6,785 6,229 7,225 6,229 3,736 2,285 3,736 2,285 92-14 77-19 89-13 77-19 WESTWARD WESTWARD Use of the text of	Time Frts. Ext rasTime Frts. Ext ras3124312430189,736114,384190,546114,440185,51018,987,76011,436,87022,956,36012,732,11020,743,8506,1214,7666,1474,7686,1846,7856,2297,2256,2296,5903,7362,2853,7362,2854,63592-1477-1989-1377-1995-10WESTWARDWESTWARD3125302631111,635107,811109,380123,004111,85011,162,30010,748,87012,089,81013,104,08012,583,1203,5924,3123,6464,7313,6084,0356,4454,5706,7603,8003,0202,8003,0203,2353,250	Time Frts. Extras Time Frts. Extras Time Frts. Extras 189,736 114,384 190,546 114,440 185,510 140,295 18,987,760 11,436,870 22,956,360 12,732,110 20,743,850 15,630,930 6,121 4,766 6,147 4,768 6,184 4,838 6,785 6,229 7,225 6,229 6,590 6,500 3,736 2,285 3,736 2,285 4,635 3,500 92-14 77-19 89-13 77-19 95-10 73-22 Total MOTM WESTWARD 31 25 30 26 31 27 Total MOTM WESTWARD 30 26 31 27 Total MOTM 111,635 107,811 109,380 123,004 111,850 117,118 11,622,300 10,748,870 12,089,810 13,104,080 12,583,120 13	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Total MGTM WEST = 100,389

AG-660

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E.

August Main Line MGTM = 241,451

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Electrification Dept., Tacoma, Washington April 5, 1963

COAST DIVISION TRAFFIC PATTERN - SEPTEMBER 1962

EASTBOUND

	Black Riv	er	Cedar Fall	.5
	Time Frts	Extras	Time Frts.	Extras
No. Trains	30	10	30	10
Tons Thru Station	145,050	31,793	167,281	38,846
Average Tons Per Tra	in 4,835	3,179	5,576	3,885
Max. Tons Per Train	6,520	5,530	6,685	5,405
Min.Tons Per Train	268	150	241	110
Average Loads-Mtys	63 - 33	27-62	75-22	36-64

WESTBOUND

	Beverly		Cle Elum	
	Time Frts.	Extras	Time Frts.	Extras
No.Trains	30	12	30	12
Tons Thru Station	139,501	54,898	141,353	55,284
Avg. Tons Per Train	4,650	4,575	4,712	4,607
Max. Tons Per Train	6,235	4,800	6,945	7,027
Min. Tons Per Train	3,205	4,031	3,205	2,955
Average Loads-Mtys	58-41	42- 53	59-43	41-61

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Wash 5/31/63

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AG-668

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION - AUGUST 1962

G.T.M. Trailing

Service	Avery- Alberton	Alberton Deer Lodge	Deer Lodge- Three Forks	Three Forks- Harlowton
Time Freights East	18,987,760	22,956,360	20,743,850	22,362,630
West Total	<u>11,162,300</u> 30,150,060	<u>12,089,810</u> 35,046,170	12,583,120 33,326,970	<u>12,616,950</u> 34,979,580
<u>Other Freights</u> East West	11,436,870 10,747,870	12,732,110	15,630,930 13,666,620	16,211,630 14,416,820
Total	22,184,740	25,836,190	29,297,550	30,628,450
Total Time and Other	52,334,800	60,882,360	62,624,520	65,608,030
East Time Frts. Other Frts.	18,987,760 11,436,870	22,956,360 12,732,110	20,743,850 15,630,930	22,362,630 16,211,630
Total	30,424,630	35,688,470	36,374,780	38,574,260
West Time Frts. Other Frts.	11,162,300 10,747,870	12,089,810 13,104,080	12,583,120 13,666,620	12,616,950 14,416,820
Total	21,910,170	25,193,890	26,249,740	27,033,770
TOTAL	East Bound West Bound Both	141,062,140 100,387,570 241,449,710	58.4% 41.6% 100.0%	
TOTAL	Time Frts. Other Frts. Both	133,502,780 107,946,930 241,449,710	55.3% 44.7% 100.0%	

From Rocky Mountain Divn. Train Sheet Analysis.

Electrification Dept., Tacoma, Wash May 20, 1963

COAST DIVISION_ MAY 1962

GROSS TON MILE STATISTICS

ervice	Tacoma- Cle Elum	Cle Elum- Othello	Tacoma- Othello
Time Freights			
East West	15,055,684	15,459,496	30,515,180 2 3 ,931,633
Total	12,056,815	11.874.818 27,334,314	54,446,813
Other Freights			
East	4,501,892	4,717,380	9,219,272
West Total	3,285,045	3,009,855 7,727,235	<u>6,294,900</u> 15,514,172
Total			
Time and Other	34,899,436	35,061,549	69,960,985
East			
Time Frts.		15,459,496	30,515,180
Other Frts. Total	<u>4,501,892</u> 19,557,576	<u>4,717,380</u> 20,176,876	<u>9,219,272</u> 39,734,452
West			
Time Frts.		11,874,818	23,931,633
Other Frts. Total	3,285,045	<u>3,009,855</u> 14,884,673	<u>6,294,900</u> 30,226,533
Total			
East and West	34,899,436	35,061,549	69,960,985
rcentages East	28.0%	28.8%	56.8%
West	21.9%	21.3%	43.2%
Both	49.9%	50.1%	100.0%
Time Frts.	38.8%	39.1%	77.9%
Other Frts. Both	<u>11.1%</u> 49.9%	11.0%	22.1% 100.0%
ectrification Dept			
acoma, Washington. av 20, 1963			

May 20, 1963

COAST DIVISION_ SEPTEMBER 1962

GROSS TON MILE STATISTICS

Service	Tacoma-Cle Elum	Cle Elum- Othello	Tacoma to Othello
Time Freights			
East	15,536,203	16,443,408	31,979,611
West	13,774,273	13,845,905	27,620,198
Total	29,310,496	30,289,313	59,599,809
Other Freights			
East	3,451,098	4,013,020	7,464,118
West	4,200,149	6,304,375	10,504,524
Total	7,651,247	10,317,395	17,968,643
Total Time & Other	36,961,743	40,606,708	77,568,451
	50,701,745	40,000,708	(19)00,4)1
East			
Time Freights	15,536,203	16,443,408	31,979,611
Other Freights	3.451.098	4.013.020	7.464.118
Total	18,987,301	20,456,428	39,443,729
West			
Time Freights	13,774,293	13,845,905	27,620,198
Other Freights	4,200,149	6,304,375	10,504,524
Total	17,974,442	20,150,280	38,124,722
Total East and West	36,961,743	40,606,708	77,568,451
Percentages			
East	24.5%	26.4%	50.9%
West	23.2%	25.9%	49.1%
Both	47.7%	52.3%	100 %
Time Freights	37.7%	39.1%	76.8%
Other Freights	9.9%	13.3%	23.2%
Both	47.6%	52.4%	100 %

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington May 20, 1963

ROCKY MTN. DIVISION - LOCOMOTIVE MILES- ROAD - AUGUST 1962

Service	Class of Loco	Road	Road Sw.	Lite	Helper	Lite Helper	Total
Time Freight	EF-4	26,947	126				27,073
Other Freight	EF-4 EF-5 EF-3,2 EF-1 ;al	12,667 3,032 7,931 79 23,709	336 132 162 6 636	48 48			13,051 3,164 8,093 <u>85</u> 24,393
Helper	EF-5 EF-2,3 Diesel otal				6030 74 <u>86</u> 6190	3228 38 <u>86</u> 3352	9,258 112 <u>172</u> 9,542
TOTAL		50,656	762	48	6190	3352	61,008
% of Ros	ad		1.504%				

Note: Diesel Road Miles made as boosters are credited to the EF-4 Locomotives.

Electrification Dept., Tacoma, Washington May 31, 1963 ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION_ LOCOMOTIVE UNIT MILES - AUGUST, 1962

Service	Class of Locomotive	Road	Road Sw.	Lite	Helper	Lite Helper	Total
Time Frts.	EF-4 GP-9	53,894 36,633	252 138				54,146 36,771
Other Frts.	EF-4 GP-9 EF-5 EF-3.2 EF-1	23,833 2,373 12,128 23,793 158	636 43 528 486 12	96			24,565 2,421 12,656 24,279 170
Helpers	EF-5 EF-3.2 GP-9				24 ,1 20 222 258	12,912 114 258	37,032 336 516
Total '		152,716	2100	96	24,600	13,284	192,892
Unit Miles		EF-4	EF-5	<u>EF-3</u> .	2 EV.	-1 <u>GP-9</u>	Total
by Classes		54,146 24,565	12,656 37,032	24,27		70 36,771 2,421 516	
	Total	78,711	49,688	24,6]	15 1	70 39,708	192,892

Electrification Dept., Tacoma, Washington May 20, 1963 Ar 68

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ROCKY MTN. DIVISION - AUGUST 1962

LOCOMOTIVE MILES & CROSS TON MILES

Locomotive	Miles	Weight in Tons	Loco. Ton Miles	Unit Miles
5-20 21 70 71 72 73 74	7333 6523 7728 3527 6619 7253 7186	2933 11 11 11 11 11 11		
75 76 77 78 79	6279 6326 6487 5690 7760	17 17 17 17		
Total EF-4	's 78711	2933	23,085,936	78,711
362	85	388	24,480	170
293	4138	408	1,688,304	12,414
34	4258	528	2,248,224	17,032
423	4067	432	1,756,944	12,201
45 49	3762 4402	576 576	2,166,912 2,535,552	15,048 17,608
Total EF 2,3,5 2	20712	503.1	10,420,416	74,473
Total Electric	99423		33,506,352	153,184
Diesel	39708	124	4,923,792	39,708
Grand Total			38,430,144	192,892
Average Wes EF 2,3,5 EF 1,2,3,5 EF 1,2,3,4,5	20627 20712 20712 99423	504 503.1 337	10,395,936 10,420,416 33,506,352	
Diesel	Thru Frt. Way Frt. Helper Totals			36,771 2,421 <u>516</u> 39,708

Electrification Dept., Tacoma, Wash 5/31/63

COAST DIVISION_ MAY 1962

LOCOMOTIVE MILES

Time Freights

		Road	Sw.			Number
East	Train	Terr	and the second s	Lite	Total	of Trains
Tacoma-Cle slum	3618	0	576	31	4225	31
Cle Elum-Othello	3069	0	24	0	3093	31
Tacoma- Othello	6687	0	600	31	7318	62
West						
Othello-Cle Elum	3069	396	120	0	3585	31
Cle Elum- Tacoma	3628	0	312	31	3971	31
Othello- Tacoma	6697	396	432	31	7556	62
Total						
Time Freights	13384	396	1032	62	14874	124
East Tacoma- Cle Elum Cle Elum-Othello Tacoma- Othello	1106 <u>990</u> 2096	12 30 42	150 54 204	10 0 10	1278 1074 2352	10 10 20
West Othello- Cle Elum	891	150	54	0	1095	9
Cle Elum-Tacoma	1037	24	90	8	1159	9
Othello-Tacoma	1928	174	144	8	2254	18
Total						
Other Freights	4024	216	348	18	4606	38
Grand Total	17408	612	1380	80	19480	162
	and a second second second	an sold as a second sec		The stand of the second s	the state and an and a state of the	and a set of the second section and the loss of the second s

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington. May 20, 1963

COAST DIVISION LOCOMOTIVE MILES - MAY 1962

ocomotive	Total	Road : Term.	Switch Way	Lite	Train	Unit Miles	Weight	Loco G.T.M.
E-22	4742 *	144	354	21	4223	18,480	(4 Unit) 626 (3 Unit) 469	2,663,004 228,872
E-25	4769	186	306	17	4260	19,076	528	2,518,032
E-39	5176	156	360	22	4638	20,704	586	3,033,136
E-47	4793	126	360	20	42 87	19,172	563	2,698,459
otal	19,480	612	1380	80	17,408	77,432	574.6	11,141,503
3P-9 **	19,480				an da gali da se da se andre e con de se al de	59,180	124	7,338,320
					analyse and a given and a second s	136,612		18,479,823

* E-22 operated 488 miles as a 3 unit at weight of 469 Tons

*** GP-9's used 1, 2 or 3 units with EF-5's

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington May 20, 1963

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COAST DIVISION_ SEPTEMBER 1962

TRAIN & LOCOMOTIVE MILES

Time Freight	.8	Peer	d Sw.			Number
East	Train	Tern.	Way	Lite	Total	of Trains
Tacoma- Cle Elum	3510	30	486	29	4055	30
Cle Elum- Othello	2970	-	108		3078	30
Tacoma - Othello	6480	30	594	29	7133	60
West						
Othello- Cle Elum	2970	432	96		3498	30
Cle Elum- Tacoma	3513	12	408	29	3962	30
Othello - Tacoma	6483	4/4/4	504	29	7460	60
Total Time Freights	12963	474	1098	58	14593	120
Tano 1101.000		717	2070	,	~~~~~	
Other Freigh	4 9					
OUNDI TROAP.						
Last						
Tacoma- Cle Elum	1146		150	39	1335	10
Cle Elum- Othello	_ 990	12	114	198	1314	10
Tacoma-Othello	2136	12	264	237	2649	20
West	22.64	100	20/		1010	10
Othello- Cle Elum	1188	198 12	126		1512 1330	12 10
Cle Elum-Tacoma Othello-Tacoma	1159	210	1 <u>50</u> 276	9	2842	22
Otherro- Tacona	2347	210	210	7	zouz	22
Total						
Other Freights	4483	222	540	246	5491	42
Grand Total	17446	696	1638	304	20084	162

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington May 20, 1963

COAST DIVISION LOCOMOTIVE MILES_ SEPTEMBER 1962

Locomotive	Total	Lite	Road Switch	Helper	Lite Helper	Train	Loco Unit Miles	Loco Weight	Loco Ton Miles
E-22	3897	(99/15) 114	426			3357	15,588	626	2,439,522
E-25	4151	(99 /29/ 15) 143	450			3558	16,604	528	2,191,728
E-33	3233	6	216	1028	395	1588	12,932	528	1,707,024
E-39	4416	16	510			3890	17,664	586	2,587,776
E-403	1232			748	484	0	3,696	432	532,224
E-47	4398	18	492			3888	17,592	563	2,476,074
£-50	2522	7	240	829	281	1165	10,088	576	1,452,672
Total Electric	23,849	304	2334	2605	1160	17,446	94,164	561.3	3,387,020
Diesel	19,993						19,993	124	2,474,668
Total	43,842						114,157		15,861,688

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington May 20, 1963 -668

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LOCOMOTIVE ASSIGNMENT

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

On Basis August '62 Traffic

Scheme I		Required	On <u>Hand</u>	To be Procured
Present	Operation			
	Road EF-4	12	12	•
	Road &) EF-5		3	
	Helper) EF-3,2	2	3 2 5	
	Booster GP-9	3 2 5	5	
Scheme 2-				
All Die	sel Except			
Electri	c Helpers -			
	Helpers EF-5	3 32	3 22*	
	Road GP-9	32	22*	10
	Standby GP-9	4		4
Scheme 3 +				14
All Die	sel			
	Road GP-9	32	22	10
	Helpers GP-9	8		8
	Standby GP-9	4		4 22
Scheme 4-				
Present	Operation			
but w	ith new electric			
	otives replacing			
	F-5,3,2's			
	Road EF-4	12	12	
	EF-7			4
	Helper EF-7	4		6
				10

* GP-9's - 17 on run Avery-Othello <u>5</u> in Booster Service-RM Divn 22

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington May 31, 1963

LOCOMOTIVE ASSIGNMENT

COAST DIVISION

9	On Ba	sis May and Se	pt. 162 T	raffic	Required	On Hand	To Be Procured
Scheme	5-	Present Opera	ation				
	-	No Helper-		EF-5	4	4	
				GP-9	9	9	
Scheme	6-	Present Opera					
				EF-5	6	6	
			Helper		1	1 5	
			Booster	GP-9	5	5	
Scheme	7-	New Electric No Helper	Locomoti	Ves			
			Road	EF-7	10	0	10
			Booster	GP-9	3	3	
					-	-	10
Scheme	8-	New Electric					
			Road	EF-7	8		8
			Helper	EF-7	4		4
			Booster	GP-9	3	3	12
Scheme	9-	New Electric With old EM		ves			_
		to handle s	some extra	85			
		and helper	service.				
			Road	EF-7	6		6
			Road	EF-5	2 2	2	
			Helper	EF-5	2	2	
							. 6
Scheme	10-	All Diesel Op					
•			Road	GP-9	16		
			Helper	GP-9	7		
			Standby	GP-9	2	10	15
Scheme	11-	EF-4 Electric	Locomoti	ves			
				EF-4	8	8	
				EF-4	4	4	
			Booster		2	2	

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington May 31, 1963 Revised June 14, 1963

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WEIGHT - TRACTIVE EFFORT- HORSEPOWER AND SPEED

VARIOUS ELECTRIC & DIESEL LOCOMOTIVES

	Total Weight	Weight on Drivers	Tractive Effort #	Traction	Motor	Tract. Effor			sepower Rail	Spe	ed - M.	P.H.
Class		Pounds	18% Adh.	Amps Cont.	Hourly		Hourly		Hourly	Cont.	Hourly	Maxo
EF-1	576,000	451,000	81,200	230	285	80,800	106,000	3340	4100	15.5	14.5	45
SF-2	864,000	676,500	121,800	230	285	121,200	159,000	5010	6150	15.5	14.5	45
EF-3	816,000	691,000	124,400	230	285	121,200	159,000	5010	6150	15.5	14.5	45
EF-5	1,056,000* 1,152,000	931,000* 902,000	162,400	230	285	161,600	212,000	6680	8200	15.5	14.5	45
eF-4	586,600	443,100	79,750	345	375	77,000	85,500	5110	5530	25.2	24.5	70
GP-9	248,000	248,000	44,640	900	925	(a)		1550		(a)		65
New El	ectric Loco	motive Prop	osed by G.H	G. Co. 10/3	1/60							
EF-7	376,000	376,000	67,680	345	375	60,000	70,800	4050	4590	25.2	24.2	70

(a) Varies inversely with speed always staying at or below generator output of 1232 KW. Minimum speed about 11 MPH.

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington May 31, 1963 (*) Loco. having bobbed C and D Units. Weight on drivers increased on those units, but slipping will still be controlled by weight on end units. Therefore 18% adhesion calculated on basis of 4 end units.

DATA ON LOCOMOTIVE COMBINATIONS - REPAIR COSTS & ENGINEMEN'S PAY SCALE

Mail Homenowan			Maintenance Cost				Enginemen's Pay/100			
		Weight Tons	Continuous Rail HP/Tons	Per Mile	Per 1000	Per	Per 1000	Thru	Way Frt	
5110 6680 1550 4050	5530 8200 1550 4590	293 576 124 188	17.4 11.6 12.5 21.5	41.76 17.62 17.36 16.4	8.175 10.55 11.2 4.05	41.76 70.48 17.36 16.40	8.17 10.55 11.2 4.05	42.87 46.33 41.47 42.50	43.83 47.29 42.43 43.46	,
8230 9780 11330	9750 11300 12850	700 824 948	11.8 11.9 12.0			87.84 105.20 122.56	10.8	48.03 49.73 51.43	48.99 50.69 52.39	
10220 11770 13320	11060 12610 14160	586 710 834	17.4 16.6 16.0			100.88	8.6	45.99 47.69 49.39	46.95 48.65 50.35	
8100 9650 11200 12150 13700 15250	9180 10730 12280 13770 15320 16870	376 500 624 564 688 812	21.5 19.3 18.0 21.6 19.9 18.8			67.52 49.2 66.56	6.0 4.0 4.9	45.31 46.67 48.37 47.69 49.39 51.09	46.27 47.63 49.33 48.65 50.35 52.05	
	Cont. 5110 6680 1550 4050 8230 9780 11330 10220 11770 13320 8100 9650 11200 12150 13700	5110 5530 6680 8200 1550 1550 4050 4590 8230 9750 9780 11300 11330 12850 10220 11060 11770 12610 13320 14160 8100 9180 9650 10730 11200 12280 12150 13770 13700 15320	Bail Horsepower Weight Cont. 1-Hour Tons 5110 5530 293 6680 8200 576 1550 1550 124 4050 4590 188 8230 9750 700 9780 11300 824 11330 12850 948 10220 11060 586 11770 12610 710 13320 14160 834 8100 9180 376 9650 10730 500 11200 12280 624 12150 13770 564 13700 15320 688	Bail Horsepower Weight Continuous Cont. 1-Hour Tons Rail HP/Tons 5110 5530 293 17.4 6680 8200 576 11.6 1550 1550 124 12.5 4050 4590 188 21.5 8230 9750 700 11.8 9780 11300 824 11.9 11330 12850 948 12.0 10220 11060 586 17.4 11770 12610 710 16.6 13320 14160 834 16.0 8100 9180 376 21.5 9650 10730 500 19.3 11200 12280 624 18.0 12150 13770 564 21.6 13700 15320 688 19.9	Wail Horsepower Units Cont. 1-Hour Tons Rail HP/Tons Mile 5110 5530 293 17.4 41.76 6680 8200 576 11.6 17.62 1550 1550 124 12.5 17.36 4050 4590 188 21.5 16.4 8230 9750 700 11.8 1.9 9780 11300 824 11.9 1330 11330 12850 948 12.0 16.6 10220 11060 586 17.4 1.9 11330 12850 948 12.0 16.6 13320 14160 834 16.0 16.6 1320 14160 834 16.0 19.3 11200 12280 624 18.0 19.3 12150 13770 564 21.6 13700 15320 688 19.9 19.9 14.6	Hail Horsepower Weight Continuous Unit Basis ¢ Cont. 1-Hour Tons Rail HP/Tons Mile Rail HP Mi.Con 5110 5530 293 17.4 41.76 8.175 6680 8200 576 11.6 17.62 10.55 1550 1550 124 12.5 17.36 11.2 4050 4590 188 21.5 16.4 4.05 8230 9750 700 11.8 4.05 4.05 9780 11300 824 11.9 4.05 4.05 10220 11060 586 17.4 4.05 4.05 11770 12610 710 16.6 4.05 4.05 8100 9180 376 21.5 5 5 5 9650 10730 500 19.3 122.0 4.05 4.05 11200 12280 624 18.0 4.05 4.05 4.05 121200 12280 624 18.0 4.05 4.05 4.05	Hail Horsepower Unit Basis ¢ Locome Cont. 1-Hour Tons Rail HP/Tons Mile Rail HP Mi.Cont. Mi. 5110 5530 293 17.4 41.76 8.175 41.76 5110 5530 293 17.4 41.76 8.175 41.76 5110 5530 293 17.4 41.76 8.175 41.76 6680 8200 576 11.6 17.62 10.55 70.48 1550 1550 124 12.5 17.36 11.2 17.36 4050 4590 188 21.5 16.4 4.05 16.40 8230 9750 700 11.8 87.84 105.20 11300 824 11.9 105.20 122.56 10220 11060 586 17.4 83.52 11770 12610 710 16.6 100.88 13320 14160 834 16.0 118.24 8100	Hail Horsepower Unit Basis ¢ Locomotive ¢ Gont. 1-Hour Tons Rail HP/Tons Mile Rail HP Mi.Cont. Mi. Mi.Cont. Mi. Mi.Cont. Mi. Mi.Cont. Mi.Cont.	Hail Horsepower Unit Basis ¢ Locomotive ¢ Enginemen Cont. 1-Hour Tons Rail HP/Tons Mile Rail HP Mi.Cont. Mi. Rail HP Mi.Cont. Frt Frt 5110 5530 293 17.4 41.76 8.175 41.76 8.17 42.87 6680 8200 576 11.6 17.62 10.55 70.48 10.55 46.33 1550 1550 124 12.5 17.36 11.2 17.36 11.2 41.47 4050 4590 138 21.5 16.4 4.05 16.40 4.05 42.50 8230 9750 700 11.8 87.84 10.7 48.03 11300 824 11.9 105.20 10.8 49.73 11300 12850 948 12.0 122.56 10.8 51.43 10220 11060 586 17.4 83.52 8.2 45.99 13320 12610 710 16.6<	Hail Horsepower Unit Basis ¢Locomotive ¢Enginemen's Pay/ Thru WayCont. 1-HourTonsRail HP/TonsMileRail HP Mi.Cont.Mi. Rail HP Mi.Cont.Enginemen's Pay/ Thru WayCont. 1-HourTonsRail HP/TonsMileRail HP Mi.Cont.Mi. Rail HP Mi.Cont.Enginemen's Pay/ Thru WayState of the part of the par

Above based on Miles from Mechanical Department and Repair Costs from Dept. of Finance & Accounting

* New locomotives proposed by General Electric Co. October 31, 1960. Repair costs are based on BA&P Ry. Co's experience with a somewhat similar locomotive and on G.E.Co. data.

Electrification Department, Tacoma, Washington -May 31, 1963

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FUEL AND POWER

In performing work a definite amount of energy is required regardless of the type of machine performing the service. In the case of locomotives this unit at the rail will be the same regardless of the type of locomotive used. In further calculations adjustments must be made for the efficiencies pertinent to the particular type of motive power used.

In establishing fuel and power consumption for operation over a prescribed district we have only one figure that means anything and that is electrical power consumption as metered in our substations. No attempt is made to establish accurate figures on diesel fuel consumption.

Thru the years electrical power consumption data has been accumulated so that the characteristics on each division are pretty well developed. Thus we know that we require 33.483 KWH at the substation 2300-volt bus on the Rocky Mountain Division and 34.0656 KWH at the 2300-volt bus on the Coast Division to handle 1000 gross ton miles.

Up to 1952 power was metered at the locomotive so that from the data developed up to that period we are able to establish percentage of power lost in MG set losses and line drop. We know the efficiency of the locomotive so that by properly applying these factors we are able to develop the relation between the 2300-volt KWH input at the substation and the KWH actually developed at the rail when motoring.

In applying this procedure for power development in these studies we developed the total gross ton miles of train and locomotives required to move the prescribed tonnage, deducted the KWH actually metered at the substation, and assigned the difference to the work done by the diesel locomotives. This value is then converted to KWH at the rail, to horsepower hours and thence to gallons of fuel oil on the basis of 1 horsepower hour consuming .075 gallon of fuel per rail horsepower hour. This latter value comes from data supplied by the American Association of Railroads for a locomotive operating in the northwest with usual periods of idling and light load movements. This operation gives us the amount of diesel fuel oil required during the motoring cycle. In dynamic braking the diesel operates in the third notch and from data supplied by the E.M.D. we know that in this notch the diesel locomotive consumes 29.4 gallons of diesel fuel per hour. It is then only necessary to develop the amount of unit hours spent by the diesel locomotives in dynamic braking to establish the fuel consumption for the braking operation. This added to the motoring fuel gives us the total fuel consumption of the diesel locomotives.

This method has been used throughout the study in arriving at diesel locomotive fuel consumption.

A cost per gallon of \$.0971 as supplied by the Department of Finance and Accounting was used in developing the cost of diesel fuel.

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LOCOMOTIVE REPAIRS

Electric Locomotives

To insure using a realistic figure that will not reflect temporary epidemics or other problems, repair costs for the three years- '60, '61 and '62 were weighted to the 1962 level and an average cost per unit mile developed. The mileage reported by the Mechanical Department, the repair cost reported by the Department of Finance and Accounting and the A.A.R. Indicies for the Western District were used to develop the following repair costs per unit mile:

Locomotive	Rail Horse Power	Cost/Unit Mile	Cost/MRHP Unit Miles
EF-5	6680	17.62\$	10.56¢
EF-4	5110	41.76¢	8.175¢

The cost per unit mile shown above was used in developing repair costs for electric locomotives.

Diesel Locomotives

When repair costs are kept on a division or district basis, they will correctly show the maintenance cost for locomotives working on that particular division. When, however, repair costs are buried in a system figure, and the system characteristics, grade and curvature, vary widely from the particular division in mind, the resultant repair cost per unit mile will not correctly reflect the costs of the division in mind.

Thus we have two mountain divisions, where diesel locomotives made 39,708 miles and 59,180 miles, or a total of 98,888 miles, buried in a system figure of 29,211,022 miles. This mountain mileage is about one-third of 1% of system miles, so that a system repair cost per unit miles would not come close to reflecting the repair cost of locomotives in mountain service. The system repair cost per unit mile ignores the increased maintenance recuired account of mountain service.

We might also say that repair costs will vary with the fuel consumption. This is certainly true on any uniform system. Fuel consumption would vary with the miles run and since repairs would vary with the miles run, we would have repairs varying with the fuel consumption.

Accepting this premise, we have at hand a means for developing a practical repair cost for locomotives used in mountain service. Fuel consumption will vary with the work done, and since more work is done on heavy grades, fuel consumption will increase and thereby provide a measure for increased repairs account of mountain service. This is a very practical solution to the problem of developing accurage repair costs for locomotives in mountain service. The fuel consumption reflects the work done; in turn engine and locomotive wear vary with the work done. Even wheel wear is greater when the locomotive is doing heavy work than when it is doing light work.

Thus we have the following:

From 1962 Annual Report

Total Freight Diesel Locomotive Repairs - \$5,672,642 (Account 311)

Total Gallons Diesel Fuel Oil- Freight Service - 56,979,067

Repair Cost per gallon Diesel Fuel Oil - \$.09955659

In this study repairs for diesel locomotives are developed by this method, using \$.09956 per gallon of diesel fuel consumed. As an example:

Rocky - Mtn- Aug. '62	Present	Operation	Scheme (1)
Gals. Diesel			
Repair Cost	118,486 x \$.09956	= \$11,796.47	

New Electric Locomotive

In October, 1960, the General Electric Co. proposed a 6 motor locomotive somewhat similar to the two locomotives they had sold to the B.A.& P. RY.CO. a few years earlier. These were 4 motor locomotives looking exactly like a diesel locomotive except for the pantograph.

Mr. Conroy of the B.A.& P. RI. CO. kindly furnished maintenance costs on his units. This on basis of 3000 miles per month amounted to \$.1168 per unit mile or 4.7¢ per M Rail horsepower miles.

At the time of their 1960 proposal the General Electric Co. had provided a breakdown between labor and material for our EF-4 locomotives. Using these figures a cost per motored axle was developed and these figures applied to developing an annual cost for the proposed 6 motor locomotive. Assuming an annual mileage of 70,000 miles, a cost per unit mile of 16.4¢ results.

Taking Mr. Conroy's cost of § .1168 per unit mile and adjusting for 6 instead of 4 traction motors, and keeping in mind the few miles made, we come up with a figure very close to the G. E. Co. figure. We therefore used the figure of 16.4¢ per mile when calculating repairs on the proposed locomotive.

We have designated the proposed locomotive as the EF-7

Electrification Dept., Tacoma, Wash 5/31/63

	DEPRECIAT	ION AND INTERE	ST	Rates		Denned	iation	Intere	a+
	Investment	Life Years	Salvage	Depr.		Year	Month		
ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION									
Substation Automation	\$303,679.			2.62%	0	\$ 7947	\$ 662	None	
Trolley Feeder	292,896			2.7%	0	7908	660	None	
COAST DIVISION									
Substation Automation	\$ 23,947			2.6%	0	\$ 623	\$ 52	None	
Trolley Feeder	227,699			2.7%	0	61.48	511	None	
SYSTEM									
EF-4 Loco each GP-9 Loco each * EF-7 Loco each	<pre>\$ 80,661 168,650 385,555</pre>	25 20 25	9.0% 2.41%	3.63% 4.88% 3.64%	0	\$2928 8230 14,034			703 \$1607
* GP-30 Loco each	204,200	20	2.41%	4.88%	5.0%		830		\$ 851

Electrification Dept., Tacoma, Wash May 31, 1963

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Cascade Rail Foundation - www.milwelectric.org

* New locomotives at current prices.

DEPRECIATION & INTEREST

CHEME	DESCRIPTION	ITEM		UNITS	DEPRECIATION	INTEREST	TOTAL
1	Present Operation Electric with Diesel Boosters	Substation Automation Aluminum Trolley Feeder EF-4 Locomotives GP-9 Locomotives- Boosters	Total	12 5	\$ 662 660 2,928 <u>3,430</u> 7,680	\$ None 3.515 3.515	\$ 662 660 2,928 6,945 11,195
2	Diesel Road Locos. Electric Helpers	GP-9 Locomotives- Present B GP-30 " - Additional R		5 14	3,430 <u>11,620</u> 15,050	3,515 <u>11,914</u> 15,429	6,945 23,534 30,479
3	All Diesel Locos. Road and Helper	GP-9 Locomotives- Present B GP-30 " - Additional R		5 22	3,430 18,260 21,690	3,515 <u>18,722</u> 22,237	6,945 <u>36,982</u> 43,927
4	Present Operation but new electric locomotives re- placing EP-5,3,2 locomotives.	From Scheme I EF-7 Locomotives	Total	10	7,680 <u>11,695</u> 19,375	3,515 <u>16,065</u> 19,580	11,195 27,760 38,955
5	Present Operation Electric with Diesel Boosters (No Helpers)	Substation Automation Aluminum Trolley Feeder GP-9 Locomotives	Total	9	52 511 6,174 6,737	None " <u>6,327</u> <u>6,327</u>	52 511 <u>12,504</u> 13,064
6	Present Operation Electric with Diesel Boosters (Helpers)	Substation Automation Aluminum Trolley Feeder GP-9 Locomotives	Total	4	52 511 <u>2,794</u> 3, 357	None " <u>2,812</u> 2,812	52 511 <u>5,556</u> 6,119

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DEPRECIATION & INTEREST

UNITS DEPRECIATION SCHEME DESCRIPTION INTEREST TOTAL 3 ŝ None 52 New Electric Locomotives Substation Automation 52 511 Diesel Booster Aluminum Trolley Feeder 511 11 (No Helper) . 10 11,695 16,065 27,760 EF-7 Locomotives GP-9 Locomotives-Booster 15 6,945 3,430 3,515 15,688 19,580 35,268 Total New Electric Locomotive 52 Substation Automation None 52 11 Diesel Booster Aluminum Trolley Feeder 511 511 (Helpers) 14,034 19,278 33.312 EF-7 Locomotives 12 GP-9 Locomotives- Booster 6.945 5 3.430 3.515 Total 18,027 22,793 40.820 New Electric Locomotives Substation Automation 52 52 None Aluminum Trolley Feeder 511 Old Elec.Loco for 511 11 Dead Freight and Hlprs. EF-7 Locomotives 6 7,017 9.639 16,656 GP-9 Locomotive Boosters Diesel Booster 5 3.430 3.515 6.945 11,010 13,154 24,164 Total 6,860 13,890 7.030 10 All Diesel Operation GP-9 Locomotives-10 12,450 12,765 25,215 " Additional Required 15 GP-30

* Accounting Department advises no interest charge to EF-4 locomotives, substation automation, aluminum trolley feeder.

25

\$ 19,310

\$19:795

Electrification Department. Tacoma, Washington May 31, 1963 Revised June 14, 1963

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\$39,105

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DEPRECIATION & INTEREST

SCHEME	DESCRIPTION	ITEM	UNITS	DEPRECIATION	INTEREST	TOTAL
11	EF-4 Locomotives Road & Helpers GP-9 Booster on Time Frts.	Substation Automation Aluminum Trolley Feeder EF-4 Locomotives GP-9 Locomotives	12 2	\$ 52 511 2,928 <u>1,372</u> \$ 4,863	\$ 0 0 <u>1,406</u> \$1,406	\$ 52 511 2,928 <u>2,778</u> \$6,269

Tacoma, Washington June 14, 1963

ESTIMATED COST INCREASE AG-608-B FOR MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRIC ENERGY 1 of 2 IF PURCHASED OUTSIDE OF ELECTRIFICATION TRACTION CONTRACT

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

POWER	COST 1958	COST WITHOUT ELECTRIFICATION
Shops	\$15,372	\$35,462
Signals	5,873	14,653
Roadway buildings and Misc.	7,522	12,870
TOTAL	\$28,767	\$62,985
Increased Cost Without Electri	fication	\$34,218

The above assumes that eleven signal feeder points will be retained and that most of roadway and building power will be fed from the signal feeder. This gives fewer metering points, with resulting higher load and lower rate. Pertinent commercial and industrial power company schedules were used in developing costs outside of traction contract. Peak loads at shops assumed on basis of past experience. Details of these calculations will be furnished on request.

Maintenance of the 4,400-volt signal line not included in either column.

Electrification Department The Milwaukee Road Seattle, Washington

July 13, 1959 Revised Sept. 2, 1959 H. R. Morgan

THE MILWAUKEE ROAD ELECTRIFICATION DEPARTMENT

AG-609 1 of 2

MISCELLANEOUS POWER REQUIRED FOR OTHER THAN ELECTRIFICATION FACILITIES ON BASIS 1958 POWER CONSUMPTION ROCKY MOUNTAIN BIVISION

	1958 KWH	ENERGY	958 COST TRANSFORMATION	COST PER KWH
SIGNALS:				
Avery	44,967			
East Portal	78,151			
Drexel	54,653			
Tarkio	98,030			
Primrose	85,710			
Ravenna	52,330			
Gold Creek	54,389			
Morel	71,640			
Janney	104,850			
Piedmont	88,450			
Eustis	97,863			
Francis	85,402			
Loweth	75,580			
Two Dot	103,758			
TOTAL SIGNALS	1,095,773	\$5,873.35	-	.00536
SHOP POWER:				
Avery	260,665	\$1,397.16		.00536
Deer Lodge	1,812,000	9,712.32		.00536
Harlowton	579,200	3,104.50	-	.00536
8			\$1,158.40	.002
TOTAL SHOP POWER	2,651,865	\$14,213.98	\$1,158.40	.00579
ROADWAY BUILDINGS:				
Avery Hotel	60,000	\$321.60	-	.00536
All Other Roadway	424,897	2,277.44		.00536
* Misc. Transf. Chgs	. (75,708)		\$757.08	.01
Missoula Diesel	10,254	54.96		.00536
19 H			102.54	.01
St. Regis Pump	3,280	17.59		.00536
n n			32.80	.01
Haugan Pump	12,580	67.43		.00536
N R			123.58	.01
TOTAL ROADWAY	511,011	\$2,739.02	\$1,016.00	.00734

* Misc. Transformation Charges (75,708 KWH - \$757.08) relates to miscellaneous locations over entire Rocky Mountain Division for various roadway buildings. Parenthetical figures not included in total.

	AG-609 2 of 2			
	1958 KWH	19 ENERGY	958 COST TRANSFORMATION	COST PER KWH
DEPOTS:				
Harlowton Passenger	60,000	\$321,60		.00536
Ringling Relay	1,254	6.72	\$120.00	.002
H H	19200		12.54	.01
Butte Relay	40,760	218.47		.00536
H H	_		407.60	.01
Butte Passenger	7,308	39.17		.00536
14 10	-		73.08	.01
Butte Freight	8,706	46.67		.00536
16 BP			87.06	.01
All Other Depots		1,184.73		.00536
# Misc. Transf. Chgs	s. <u>(61,058)</u>		610.58	01
TOTAL DEPOTS	339,059	\$1,817.36	\$1,310.86	.00923
Division Track Heate Avery Pump on Hill Avery Pump Roundhous Deer Lodge Ice	13,263	\$443.00 71.09 68.47 18.88		.00536 .00536 .00536 .00536
Avery Pump on Hill Avery Pump Roundhous Deer Lodge Ice	13,263 se 12,775 3,522	71.09 68.47 18.88	\$35.22	.00536 .00536 .00536 .01
Avery Pump on Hill Avery Pump Roundhous	13,263 se 12,775 3,522	71.09 68.47		.00536 .00536 .00536 .01 .00536
Avery Pump on Hill Avery Pump Roundhous Deer Lodge Ice	13,263 se 12,775 3,522	71.09 68.47 18.88	\$35.22 1.16 \$36.38	.00536 .00536 .00536 .01

Parenthetical figures not included in total.

Electrification Department The Milwaukee Road Seattle, Washington May 6, 1959 Revised July 15, 1959 Aug. 7, 1959 Sept. 3, 1959 Cascade Rail Foundation - www.milwelectric.org 43

ESTIMATED COST INCREASE FOR MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRIC ENERGY IF PURCHASED OUTSIDE OF ELECTRIFICATION TRACTION CONTRACT

	COAST DIVISION	
POWER	COST 1958	COST WITHOUT ELECTRIFICATION
For shops	\$16,793	\$18,150
For signals	\$2,975	\$10,250
For roadway buildings and miscellaneous	\$2,916	\$9,490
MOM LT.	400.004	A28 000 1
TOTAL	\$22,684	\$37,890

Increased cost without electrification

Above assumes that the present eight signal feed points will remain and miscellaneous roadway power will be metered through these points. Tacoma Shops to be fed by Tacoma City Light. Othello Shops to be fed from The Washington Water Power Company. Pertinent commercial and industrial power company schedules were used in developing costs outside of traction contract. Peak loads at shops assumed on basis of past experience. Details of these calculations will be furnished on request.

Maintenance of the 4,400-volt signal line not included in either column.

Electrification Department The Milwaukee Road Seattle, Washington

July 9, 1959 Revised Sept. 2, 1959

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H.R. Morgan

\$15,206

AG-608-B

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THE MILWAUKEE ROAD ELECTRIFICATION DEPARTMENT

AG-608-A 1 of 2

MISCELLANEOUS POWER REQUIRED FOR OTHER THAN ELECTRIFICATION FACILITIES ON BASIS 1958 POWER CONSUMPTION COAST DIVISION

	1958 KWH	COST	COST PER KWH
SIGNALS:			
Tacoma Junction	12,685		
Renton	135,739		
Cedar Falls	116,981		
Hyak	61,635		
Cle Elum	3,496		
Kittitas	107,232		
Doris	75,992		
Taunton	17,120		
TOTAL SIGNALS	530,879	\$2,975.35	.00560
SHOP POWER:			
Tacoma	2,571,500		
Othello	417,240		
TOTAL SHOP POWER	2,988,740	\$16,793.56	.00562
ROADWAY BUILDINGS:			
Track Department	63,508	\$357.49	.00563
B6B Crews	6,388	35.96	.00563
Telegraph Crews	3,875	21.81	.00563
Extra Gangs	6,024	33.91	.00563
Signal Maintainer	1,160	6.53	.00563
Section Foreman	940	5.29	.00563
Rented Tac. Jct. #3	3,306	18.61	.00563
All Other Roadway	31,384	176.69	.00563
TOTAL ROADWAY	116,585	\$656.29	.00563
ADVERTISING:	18,260	\$101.63	.00557
SPRING SWITCH:			
Hyak	19,800	\$121.51	.00614
Rockdale	13,450	83.84	.00623
TOTAL SPRING SWITCH	33,250	\$205.35	.00618

FOI	MISCELLANE R OTHER THAN ELL ON BASIS 1958 COAST	AG-608-A 2 of 2		
	1958 KWH	COST	COST PER KM	
MICROWAVE, ROCKDALE	2,970	\$16.53	.00557	
WATER PUMP, HYAK	23,785	\$125.91	.00529	
DEPOTS:			:	
*Tacoma Junction	13,198			
Cedar Falls Depot	27,657			
Cedar Falls #3	6,850			
Cedar Falls Hotel-Ca	fe 81,695			
Cle Elum Depot	19,039			
Cle Elum Hotel	36,764			
Cle Elum Restaurant	96,898			
Kittitas Depot	3,570			
Beverly Depot	6,610			
Beverly Trainmen	22,535			
Othello Yard Lights	6,250			
TOTAL DEPOTS	321,066	\$1,809.79	.00564	
GRAND TOTALS	4,035,535	\$22,684.41	.00562	

NOTE: In order to balance to "Total Miscellaneous Power" column of EE-9 1958 Summary, add: electrification facilities as follows:

Substation Auxiliary and Bungalows	357,431	\$2,046.10	.00572		
TOTAL MISC. POWER	4,392,966	\$24,730,51	.00563		

* Telegraph Dept. uses power shown under "depots", Tacoma Junction for lighting, operation of repeaters, and other telephone and telegraph equipment.

Electrification Department The Milwaukee Road Seattle, Washington

May 6, 1959 Revised July 15, 1959 Aug. 7, 1959 Sept. 3, 1959

Tacoma, Washington June 14, 1963

Mr. F.G. McGinn:

My Cost Study was released May 31st and as might be expected contained several errors. I felt responsible for these and issued several correction sheets on June 5th.

Since then I reviewed the study at length and noted several items that I thought should be changed. Also Mr. Kirk worked up Scheme 11 showing the cost of EF-4 operation on the Coast Division.

I also felt that the cost of operation with minimum and maximum traffic should be explored.

Accordingly, I worked out a series of corrected sheets which should replace sheets of the same number in the book you now have. The original sheets should be discarded. These new sheets cover changes due to Scheme 11 and also changes in depreciation and interest brought about by handling diesels to be procured at new prices instead of at the price of the present GP-9 diesels as advised by the Accounting Department. This places new diesels on the same level as new electrics. I understand GP-9 locomotives are no longer being manufactured and therefore GP-30 locomotives are listed where additional diesel units are to be procured.

A supplement is also attached. This explores the cost of operation under the various schemes when minimum and maximum traffic is being handled. A family of curves is attached. This supplement should be inserted in the back of the original study.

H.R. Morgan

cc:

Mr. W.J. Quinn Mr. C.E. Crippen Mr. V.Z. Glosup Mr. L.V. Anderson Mr. F.A. Upton Mr. R.G. Scott Mr. A.W. Hallenberg Mr. T.B. Kirk

SUPPLEMENT

TO STUDY OF MAY 31, 1963 ON VARIOUS METHODS OF OPERATION IN ELECTRIFIED TERRITORY

Tacoma, Washington June 13, 1963

SUPPLEMENT

TO STUDY OF MAY 31. 1963

In any comparative cost study, the first requirement is accurate basic statistics. Once these have been developed, the application and extension of unit costs is a matter of intrepretation, based on knowledge of the operation and of the equipment involved.

In this study every effort was made to be accurate and to support every figure by statistics or references to the source. It should therefore be possible to check any figure that might subsequently be challenged. Any difference in intrepretation or handling will not cause a change in end results of more than three or four thousand dollars, not enough to contradict the end finding of the study.

In certain instances the tendency was to lean over backwardsfor instance, in the case of depreciation and interest, a life of 20 years was used for diesel locomotives, whereas experience to date shows a life of about 12 to 15 years. And in the case of new electric locomotives, a life of 25 years is used though in our own service we have electric locomotives that have been running about 49 years. Similarly, on the B. A.& P. Railroad, electric locomotives have been in service over 50 years.

With so much data developed it is always a challenge to explore further. For instance, what would be the cost of each scheme when handling minimum and maximum amounts of traffic? Inspection of past records showed the minimum month to be January, 1950, on both divisions, (ignoring the 1930 depression), and the maximum month to be January, 1945, on both divisions.

	Rocky Mountain	Coast
Minimum MGTM Jan. 1950	140,811	48,714
Study MGTM	241,450	77,568 *
Maximum MGTM Jan. 1945	327,617	122,264

* Ignoring the operation with no helpers.

Assuming that the cost per MGTM for the first eight items in the study (trainmen to enginehouse expense incl.) would remain approximately constant, the costs of these items for minimum and maximum MGTM were

developed for each scheme. Interest, depreciation, miscellaneous power, substation and line maintenance were presumed to remain constant. Substation operation was presumed to vary from minimum operator assignment with about \$135 per month overtime to almost full operator assignment with about \$135 per month overtime. (With traffic of September on Coast and August on the Rocky Mountain, overtime amounted to about \$945 and \$1260 per month respectively on the two divisions. This is due to trains running off schedule and to switching for line clearances, etc.)

In developing costs for handling maximum MGTM, it was necessary to determine whether or not the locomotive assignment was sufficient to handle the business. It was assumed that the traffic pattern would be the same as in the study months and that east and westbound tonnage would increase proportionately. Gross ton miles for the limiting sections (mountain) were developed and then tonnage assigned to trains on basis of recognized tonnage ratings. Eastbound presented no problem. Westbound, it would be necessary, on Piedmont Hill for instance, to use helpers on the time freights, and in full diesel operation, it would be necessary to increase tonnage per train to the point that speed would drop to about 13-14 miles per hour. However this would be an extreme condition and should be acceptable for the short time involved. The end result is that no additional locomotive power would be required for any of the schemes studied.

Costs for Schemes 5 and 7 (no helpers), were developed, but since it was easily seen from inspection that helper operation was more economical, curves for these two schemes were not shown on the charts as finally set up.

H.R. Morgan

Tacoma, Washington June 14, 1963

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COSTS OF VARIOUS SCHEMES WITH MIN. & MAX. MOTM

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ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

	1	2	3	4	
MIN. MGTM					
Depr. & Int.	\$11,195	\$30,479	\$43,927	\$38,955	
Line Maint.	12,550	6,650	4,000	12,550	
Sub Maint.	8,435	4,050	-	8,435	
Miscl. Power		13.300	2.852		
Total Fixed Expense	\$32,180	41,179	50,779	59,940	
Sub. Opr.	14,300	7,300		14,300	
(Min. Overtime)	14,500	1,500			
(46,480	48,479	50,779	74,240	
Other Expense					
Varies with MGTM	115.078	125.205	127.497	108,392	
TOTAL	141 550	173,684	178,276	182,632	
Cost Per MGTM	161,558 \$ 1.14734	\$1.23347	\$1.2661	\$1.29700	
MAX. MOTM					
Fixed Expense	32,180	41,179	50,779	59,940	
Sub. Opr.	17,470	10,068		17,470	
	49,650	51,247	50,779	77,410	
Other Expense	0/0 010	001 007	00/ (12	000 100	
Varies with MGTM		291.307	296.641	252,190	
TOTAL	317,395	342,554	347,420	329,600	
Cost per MGTM	\$.968798	\$1.04560	\$1.0604	\$1.00605	
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Tacoma, Washington June 14,1963

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COSTS OF VARIOUS SCHEMES WITH MIN. & MAX. MGTM

COAST DIVISION

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i set	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
MIN. MOTM		- 1							
Depr. & Int.	\$ 13,064	\$ 6,119	\$35,268	\$40,820	\$24,164	\$39,105	\$6,269		
Line Maint. Sub Maint.	7,966 1,895	7,709 1,834	7,966 1,895	7,709 1,834	7,709 1,834	2,000 200	7,709 1,834		
Miscl. Power Total Fixed Expense	22,925	15,662	45,129	50,363	33,707	42,572	15,812		
Sub Opr.	9,200	8,900	9,200	8,900	8,900		8,900		
(Min. Overtime)	32,125	24,562	54,329	59,263	42,607	42,572	24,712		
Other Expense Varies with MGTM	58.809	54.014	45.292	45.506	47.622	57,130	48.489		
Total	90,934	78,576	99,621	104,769	90,229	99,702	73,201		
Cost Per MGTM	\$1.86669	\$1.161300	\$2.04501	\$2.15069	\$1.85222	\$2.0467	\$1.5027		
MAX. MGTM									
Fixed Expense	22,925	15,662	45,129	50,363	33,707	42,572	15,812		
Sub. Opr.	<u>13,259</u> 36,184	12,831 28,493	<u>13,259</u> 58,388	12,831 63,194	12,831 46,538	42,572	$\frac{12,831}{28,643}$		
Other Expense									
Varies with MGTM Total	<u>147.602</u> 183,786	135.565	113,675 172,063	<u>114.212</u> 177,406	<u>119,524</u> 166,062	143,386 185,958	121,700 150,343		
Cost Per MGTM	\$1.5032	\$1.34183	\$1.40731	\$1,45101	\$1.35822	\$1.5210	\$1,2297		

Tacoma, Washington June 14, 1963

EXPENSES VARYING WITH GROSS TON MILES

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Scheme	Expense Varying with MGTM	Study MOTM		MGTM Min.Month (Jan.1950)	Cost Min. MGTM	MGTM Max. Month (Jan.1945)	Cost Max. MGTM	Ratio Study MCTM Max, MCTM	
1	\$197,326	241,450	\$.81725	140,811	\$115,078	327,617	\$267,745	1.3568	
2	214,690	241,450	.88917	140,811	125,205	327,617	291,307	1.3568	
3	218,620	241,450	.90545	140,811	127,497	327,617	296,641	1.3568	
4	185,861	241,450	.76977	140,811	108,392	327,617	252,190	1.3568	
5	84,460	69,961	1.20724	. 48,714	58,809	122,264	147,602	1.7476	
6	86,007	77,568	1.10879	48,714	54,014	122,264	135,565	1.5762	
7	65,046	69,961	.92975	48,714	45,292	122,264	113,675	1.7476	
8	72,459	77,568	.93414	48,714	45,506	122,264	114,212	1.5762	
9	75,830	77,568	.97759	48,714	47,622	122,264	119,524	1.5762	
10	90,969	77,568	1,17276	48,714	57,130	122,264	143,386	1.5762	
11	77,210	77,568	.99538	48,714	48,489	122,264	121,700	1.5762	

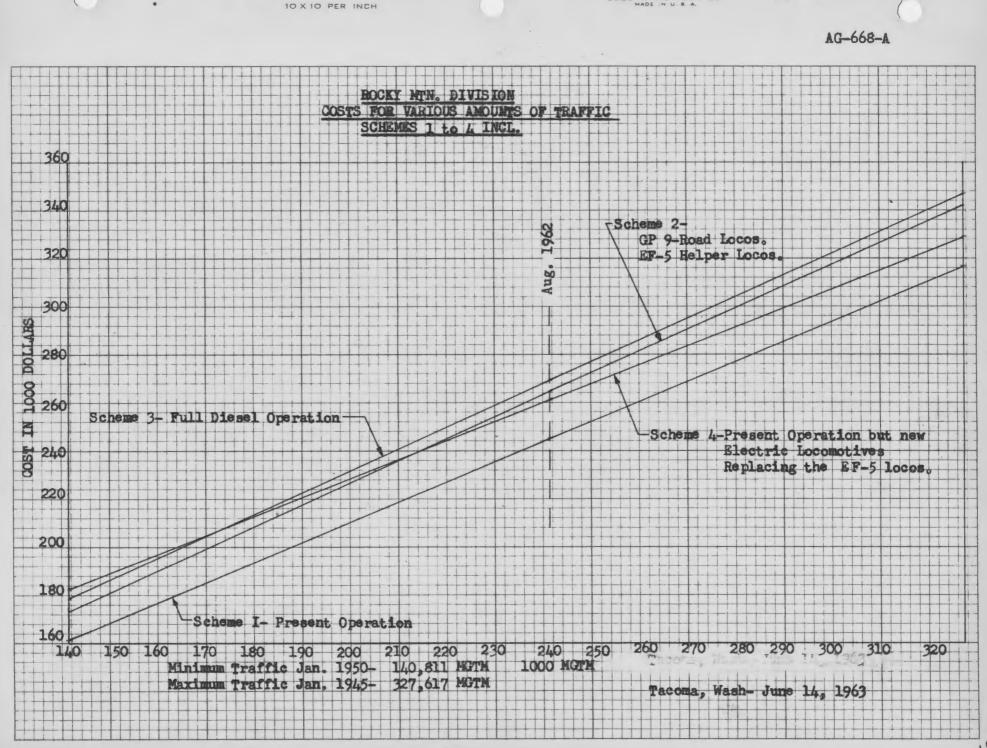
Tacoma, Washington June 14, 1963

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